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Related Topics: Newsletter Abstracts and excerpts from the latest books, special offers, and more from Harvard Business Review Press. RELATED: A new test can predict the actual due date As a journalist who is accustomed to meeting deadlines, I was not surprised when, during my first pregnancy, I went into labor on my due date. The second time was another problem. My due date came and went. And he went, and he went, and he left. It wasn't until the day before my doctor planned to induce me-at almost 42 weeks pregnant-that I finally went into labor. My experience brought home one of the essential truths of pregnancy: the due date is nothing but predictable. However, your doctor should determine one that is as accurate as possible, so that any necessary tests are performed at the right time. And knowing how far along you are making it easier for your obstetrician to see that your child is growing properly, explains ob-gynecologist Joanne Stone, MS, co-author of the task for dummies. To calculate the due date, your doctor will take the first day of your last period (LMP) and add 280 days (equivalent to 40 weeks). For example, if the last period started on September 1, the due date will be June 7. This method assumes that the period reaches as clock every 28 days. If the cycles are longer, you may deliver later than the due date; if they are shorter, expect to deliver earlier. A first trimester sonogram is more reliable. Your doctor measures the length of the fetus and the size of the gestational sac. If these numbers don't match what your LMP would predict, it can adjust the due date. But even if your doctor can tell you the due date with laserlike accuracy, do not your child to appear just in time. Because for all the windows in your womb, no one really understands what triggers the work. One possible (but, by my experience show, imperfect) predictor: your past performance. Patients tend to repeat what they did in a previous pregnancy, says Iffath Hoskins, M.D., chief executive Women's Service at Memorial Health University Medical Center in Savannah, Georgia. If you're a mother for the first time, look at your mother's birth history. If your mother delivered a last week's due date, you're more apt to deliver a last week's due date, also explains Fredric D. Frigoletto, Jr., M.D., head of obstetrics at Massachusetts General Hospital in Boston. Most women-about 80 percent-deliver sometime between 37 and 42 weeks. So where does the other 20 percent leave? About 11 percent deliver prematurely. Experts aren't sure why some women go into labor earlier. Possible risk factors include multiple carrying or having an abnormally shaped uterus. There may also be a link between premature labor and an infection, would be bacterial vaginosis. Even build can play a role-women who weigh less than 110 pounds are at slightly higher risk. Once you have passed the due date, you may wonder if your child will arrive later than 42 weeks, or post-term. While Caucasian women tend to have slightly longer pregnancies, like women under 30, no one knows why some children take their sweet time. However, the sex of your child might be an indication: A study found that boy fetuses are more likely to go beyond their due date than girls. Starting at 40 or 41 weeks, expect to undergo weekly, then twice a week, nonstress tests. If pregnancy progresses beyond this point, there is a risk that the quality of the placenta will deteriorate, your amniotic fluid levels will decrease, or your baby will go through an intestinal movement, known as meconium. Babies begin breathing and can suck mecony into the lungs - causing post-delivery problems, says Dr. Frigoletto. In addition, since the baby is still growing, you are at higher risk of needing a caesarean section. For these reasons, your doctor may want to induce labor once you hit 42 weeks. If you give birth at the exact due date - or in the weeks before or after - it doesn't really matter in the long run. After all, you'll be happy to meet your newborn every time he arrives. All content on this website, including medical advice and any other health-related information, is for informational purposes only and should not be considered to be a specific diagnosis or treatment plan for any individual situation. The use of this site and the information contained herein does not create a doctor-patient relationship. Always seek your doctor's direct advice about any questions or problems you may have about your own health or the health of others. To apply to MSU - Billings, students will need to submit an application, SAT or ACT as well as a high school transcript. The school has open admission, which means that all eligible students have the opportunity to study there. That said, most admitted students have grades in the range A or B, and SAT or ACT scores that are average or better. For more information about the application and the MSU, make sure that school website, contact the admissions office, or make a visit to the campus. Founded in 1927, Montana State University Billings is a four-year public institution of approximately 5,000 students and graduates, supported by a student/faculty ratio of 19 to 1. The 110-acre campus is located in Billings, Montana's largest city. MSU offers a wide range of academic programs, including 27 associated degrees, 28 bachelor's degrees, 17 masters and 12 applied science certificates. These diplomas are offered through the Colleges of Arts and Sciences, Allied Health Professions, Education, Business, and City College. The university is also proud of its international programs and study abroad. For fun on campus, MSU has a long list of student clubs and organizations, including the Billings Paranormal Activity Society, Potter's Guild, and a variety of intramural sports. For intercollegiate athletics, Yellowjackets MSU compete in the NACA Division II Great Northwest Athletic Conference (GNAC) for sports, including men and women's golf, cross country, and tennis. Total enrollment: 4,362 (3,968 students) Gender breakdown: 39% male / 61% Female63% Full-time tuition and fees: \$5,826 (in the state); \$18,216 (out-of-state)Books: \$1,460 (why so much?) Room and board: \$7,690Other expenses: 4,120 \$Total Cost: \$19,096 (in condition); \$31,486 (out-of-state) Percentage of new students receiving help: 88% Percentage of new students receiving HelpTypesAverage Amount of AidGrants: \$5,041Credits: \$5,285 Most Popular Majors: Business, Elementary Education, Liberal Studies, Psychology, Public Relations, Special Education First Year of Student Retention (full-time students): 54%Transfer Out Rate: 24%4-Year Graduation Rate: 9%6-Year Graduation Rate: 23% Men's Sports: Baseball, Cross Country, Golf, Football, Cheerleader Sports for Women: Track and Field, Softball, Basketball, Cheerleader, Volleyball Center for Educational Statistics Mission Statement from MSU Billings offers a university experience characterized by: Excellent TeachingSupport for Individual LearningEngagement in Civic Intellectual Responsibility, Cultural, Social & Economic Community Enhancement People's University (UoPeople) is the first online university in the world. To learn more about this online school works, we interviewed UoPeople founder Shai Reshef. Here's what he had to say: A: People's University is the world's first online academic institution with no tuition fees. We set up UoPeople to democratize higher education and do college-level studies available to students everywhere, even in the poorest parts of the world. Using open-source technology and materials with a peer-to-peer pedagogical system, we can create a global discrimination on the basis of geographical or financial constraints. A: When UoPeople opens its virtual doors, we will provide master's degrees: would be a bachelor's degree in business administration and a BSc in computer science. The University intends to offer other education options in the future. A: Full-time students will be able to complete their bachelor's degree in about four years, and all students will be eligible for an associated degree after two years. A: Yes, the curriculum is internet-based. UoPeople students will learn in online study communities, where they will share resources, exchange ideas, discuss weekly subjects, send assignments and take exams, all under the guidance of respected scientists. A: Enrollment requirements include proof of secondary school graduation as proof of 12 years of schooling, proficiency in English and access to a computer with an Internet connection. Future students will be able to register online for UoPeople.edu. With minimum admission criteria, UoPeople aims to offer higher education to anyone who welcomes the opportunity. Unfortunately, at the beginning, stages, you have to cap enrollment in order to best serve our students. A: UoPeople will accept students, regardless of location or citizenship status. It is a universal institution that anticipates students from all over the world. A: UoPeople anticipates that tens of thousands of students will enroll in the first five years of operation, although enrollment will be limited to 300 students in the first semester. The power of the online network and word-of-mouth marketing will facilitate the growth of the University, while the open-source and peer-to-peer pedagogical model will make it possible to manage such a rapid expansion. A: My personal goal is to make higher education a right for all, not a privilege for the few. Enrollment criteria are minimal, and we hope to adapt any student who wants to be a part of this university. A: Like all universities, UoPeople must comply with the rules set by accreditation agencies. UoPeople intends to apply for accreditation as soon as the two-year eligibility waiting period is completed. UPDATE: The People's University was accredited by the Accreditation Commission for Distance Education (DEAC) in February 2014. A: Time spent at Cramster.com taught me the value of peer-to-peer learning and its power as a pedagogical model in maintaining high retention rates. In addition, UoPeople intends to provide guidance and support to students at graduation, however specific programs are still in the development phase. A: Higher education has been a pipedream for too many people for too long. UoPeople opens the doors so that a teenager from a rural village in Africa has the same opportunity to go to college as one who attended The Most Prestigious High School in New York. And UoPeople not only offers four years of education for students around the world, but also to build them a better life, a community a better world. World. World.

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